

TTL User's Manual



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Rev. D

R05/07





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# AGENCY APPROVED

Specifications for subpart B of part 15 of FCC rule for a Class A computing device.

# LIMITED WARRANTY

ID TECH warrants this product to be in good working order for a period of one year from the date of purchase. If this product is not in good working order as warranted above, or should this product fail to be in good working order at any time during the warranty period, repair or replacement shall be provided by ID TECH.

This warranty does not cover incidental or consequential damages incurred by consumer misuse, or modification of said product. For limited warranty service during the warranty period, please contact ID TECH to obtain an RMA number and instructions for returning the product.

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ID TECH is a registered trademark of International Technologies & Systems Corporation. Omni and Value through Innovation are trademarks of International Technologies & Systems Corporation. **CLOCK:** The CLOCK output is narrow pulse normally low, and goes high when data is valid. The data level is stable at both the rising and falling edges of the CLOCK pulse. CLOCK pulse width is typically 32 microseconds.

**CARD PRESENT:** The CARD PRESENT signal indicates data is being read from the media being passed through the slot. It will not switch until flux reversals (magnetic pulses) have been detected. After the flux reversals have been detected, CARD PRESENT goes low. It stays low throughout the reading process and for 5 to 10 milliseconds, after the last flux reversal is read. Typically, CARD PRESENT is used to signal the start and finish of a card read. It may also be used as an interrupt signal for alerting the firmware that the reading operation is in process. This is an open drain output which usually has an external pull-up resistor. If required, CARD PRESENT signals from more than one read circuit may be tied together to provide a single signal.

**DATA:** The DATA output level indicates the value of the bit being decoded during a CLOCK pulse. It is a low level for ones (1) and a high level for zeros (0). The DATA signal's level is steady at the rising and falling edges and during the low level of the CLOCK pulse.

**BARCODE DATA SIGNAL:** The Barcode Data Output is a single open collector output that is normally at high impedance and at a high voltage level based on the supply voltage to the external pull-up resistor. The output is low to indicate a White area and high to indicate a Black area. The rising and falling edges represent the contrast edges between White and Black as the barcode is scanned. ID TECH supplies barcode decoder ASIC and decoder electronics as separate product.

# OPERATION

Make sure the Omni is properly cabled and is receiving sufficient power. To read a card, slide the card, in either direction, through the slot, with the magnetic stripe facing the magnetic head or the bar code facing the bar code module, as appropriate.

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Make sure the Omni is properly cabled and is receiving sufficient power. To read a card, slide the card, in either direction, through the slot, with the magnetic stripe facing the magnetic head or the bar code facing the bar code module, as appropriate.

I/O for magnetic stripe only reader with Tinned Wires		I/O for magnetic stripe & bar code reader with Tinned Wires	
COLOR	SIGNAL	COLOR	SIGNAL
BROWN	DATA 1	BROWN	DATA 1
YELLOW	DATA 2	YELLOW	DATA 2
ORANGE	DATA 3	ORANGE	DATA 3
BLUE	CLK 1	BLUE	CLK 1
GREEN	CLK 2	GREEN	CLK 2
GRAY	CLK 3	GRAY	CLK 3
WHITE	CARD PRESENT	WHITE	CARD PRESENT
RED	+5 VDC	PURPLE	BAR CODE
BLACK	GROUND	DATA	
		RED	+5 VDC
I/O for bar code only reader with		BLACK	GROUND
Tinned Wires	5		
COLOR	SIGNAL		
PURPLE	BAR CODE DATA		

#### MAGSTRIPE DATA, CLOCK & CARD PRESENT SIGNALS

+5 VDC

GROUND

The following is a timing diagram of typical DATA and CLOCK signals from ID TECH electronics:



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I/O for magnetic stripe only reader	
with Tinned Wires	

RED

BLACK

I/O for magnetic stripe & bar code
reader with Tinned Wires

COLOR	SIGNAL	COLOR	SIGNAL
BROWN	DATA 1	BROWN	DATA 1
YELLOW	DATA 2	YELLOW	DATA 2
ORANGE	DATA 3	ORANGE	DATA 3
BLUE	CLK 1	BLUE	CLK 1
GREEN	CLK 2	GREEN	CLK 2
GRAY	CLK 3	GRAY	CLK 3
WHITE	CARD PRESENT	WHITE	CARD PRESENT
RED	+5 VDC	PURPLE	BAR CODE
BLACK	GROUND	DATA	
		RED	+5 VDC
I/O for bar code only reader with Tinned Wires		BLACK	GROUND

COLOR	SIGNAL
PURPLE	BAR CODE DATA
RED	+5 VDC
BLACK	GROUND

#### MAGSTRIPE DATA, CLOCK & CARD PRESENT SIGNALS

The following is a timing diagram of typical DATA and CLOCK signals from ID TECH electronics:

CARD PRESENT	
CLOCK -	
DATA	
BIT VALUE	

# 

Power +5 VDC +/-10% (35mA maximum). Ground 0 VDC (GND).		
Power +5 VDC +/-10% (50mV ripple maximum). Ground 0 VDC (GND). Chassis Ground connected to GND and magnetic head case.		
30mA maximum for bar code only. 5mA for magnetic stripe only.		
32° F to 131° F (0° C to 55° C).		
-31° F to 140° F (-35° C to 60° C) without ice build-up on magnetic head.		
-31° F to 140° F (-35° C to 60° C).		
Maximum 95% non-condensing.		
1,000,000 passes minimum.		
1,000,000 passes minimum.		
Less than one error in 500,000 bits on cards conforming to ISO 7811 1-5 (not induced by operator error)		
Visible red 660 nm or Infrared 930 nm.		
60%.		
.49 inches (12.50mm) from bottom of slot to center of reading window.		
.006 inches (6 mil) minimum.		
ISO 7811, AAMVA, and CA DMV.		
<u>Bar Code</u> 5 to 65 inches per second, bi-directional. <u>Magnetic Stripe</u> 3 to 60 inches per second, bi-directional.		
Bar code media .005 to .050 inches. Magnetic stripe media .01 to .050 inches.		
2		
NS		
Power +5 VDC +/-10% (35mA maximum). Ground 0 VDC (GND).		
Power +5 VDC +/-10% (50mV ripple maximum). Ground 0 VDC (GND). Chassis Ground connected to GND and magnetic head case.		

30mA maximum for bar code only. 5mA for magnetic stripe

Operating Current:

Operating Temperature:

Weatherproof Option:

only.

60%.

reading window.

bi-directional

.006 inches (6 mil) minimum.

ISO 7811, AAMVA, and CA DMV.

Bar code media .005 to .050 inches.

32° F to 131° F (0° C to 55° C).

-31° F to 140° F (-35° C to 60° C).

Maximum 95% non-condensing.

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-31° F to 140° F (-35° C to 60° C) without ice build-up on magnetic head.

Less than one error in 500,000 bits on cards conforming to ISO 7811 1-5 (not induced by operator error).

.49 inches (12.50mm) from bottom of slot to center of

Bar Code 5 to 65 inches per second, bi-directional. Magnetic Stripe 3 to 60 inches per second,

Visible red 660 nm or Infrared 930 nm.

Storage Temperature: Relative Humidity:

Magnetic Head Life:

Rail and Cover Life: Magnetic Read Rate:

Bar Code Source

Light: Minimum Bar Code

PCS:

Bar Code Centerline:

Bar Code Resolution:

Magnetic Stripe

Formats: Swipe Speed:

Card Width:

Slot Width:	.055 inches (1.37mm)
Dimensions:	Length: 5 inches (127mm). Width: 2.05 inches (52mm).
Height:	1.38 inches (35mm).
Weight:	1 lb.
Cable Length:	2-foot unterminated cable.

### DESCRIPTION

The rugged Omni<sup>TM</sup> slot reader can read bar codes, or 1, 2, or 3 tracks of magnetic stripe information in heavy-use applications. The Omni has a metal base and thick plastic housing. The metal base allows for mounting with screws or Velcro fasteners. The single I/O cable provides the connections for electrical power and decoded data signals. There are three options for the I/O cable. If the I/O cable is terminated with a 9-pin connector, the Omni will be either a magnetic stripe reader or a barcode reader (not both). If the I/O cable is terminated with striped and tinned wires, the Omni can be a magnetic stripe reader, or able to read both technologies.

The electronics for magnetic stripe media are located on a single PCA mounted below the 99mm rail assembly. TTL level signals (data and clock) go directly out through an I/O cable. The electronics for bar code media are located on a single PCA mounted to the bar code module. Again, TTL level signals go directly out through an I/O cable.

The Omni reliably processes data encoded within ANSI and ISO standards, on both high and low coercivity magnetic media. The circuit is designed to read cards demagnetized down to 30% or 40% of ISO and ANSI signal levels, on tracks 1/3 or 2 respectively. These reading characteristics are designed to insure that the Omni will reliably read 'real world' cards.

In order to insure reliable reading under varying conditions, the Omni will read magnetic media at speeds from 5 inches per second (IPS) to 55 IPS with typical accelerations. The output signals consist of a DATA and CLOCK for each encoded track. The electronics operate with 5VDC  $\pm$  10%.

A CARD PRESENT signal is provided to alert the host when magnetic media is passed through the reader. It is activated after magnetic pulses

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(10 for Track 2 or 24 for Tracks 1 and 3) have been detected and stays valid until after the last pulse is read. Media may be read bi-directionally without any pre-conditioning of the electronics, although the host system must employ enough data storage to ensure it can properly store and utalize the decoded bit sequence.

# I/O CABLE CONNECTIONS (9-PIN)

The undecoded Omni reader can be connected to a decoder box using a 9-pin squeeze-to-release connector. Pinout designations for bar code and magnetic versions are as follow:

#### MAGNETIC

PIN	COLOR	SIGNAL
1	DLUE	OL V 1
1	BLUE	CLKI DATA 1
2	BROWN	DAIAI
3	GRAY	CLK3
4	YELLOW	DATA2
5	GREEN	CLK2
6	ORANGE	DATA3
7	BLACK	GND
8	WHITE	CARD PRESENT
9	RED	VCC
BAR CODE		
PIN	COLOR	SIGNAL
1		<b>_</b>
2	BROWN	DATA*
3		<b>_</b>
4		<u>-</u>
5		<u>-</u>
6		<b>_</b>
7	BLACK	GND
8		
9	RED	VCC
/ *II	and a QV multi an analista.	(fer TTI bener de entre)

\*Host needs to provide 8.2K pull-up resistor (for TTL barcode only).

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# HOST CONNECTIONS

The undecoded Omni reader is connected to a decoder box using a 9-pin squeeze-to-release connector. Pinout designations for both bar code and magnetic versions are as follow:

MAGNETIC		
PIN	COLOR	SIGNAL
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	BLUE BROWN GRAY YELLOW GREEN ORANGE BLACK WHITE	CLK1 DATA1 CLK3 DATA2 CLK2 DATA3 GND CARD PRESENT
9 BAR CODE PIN	COLOR	SIGNAL
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	BROWN BROWN BLACK	DATA

\*Host needs to provide 8.2K pull-up resistor (for TTL barcode only).